Answer key · Les salutations · Grades K–2

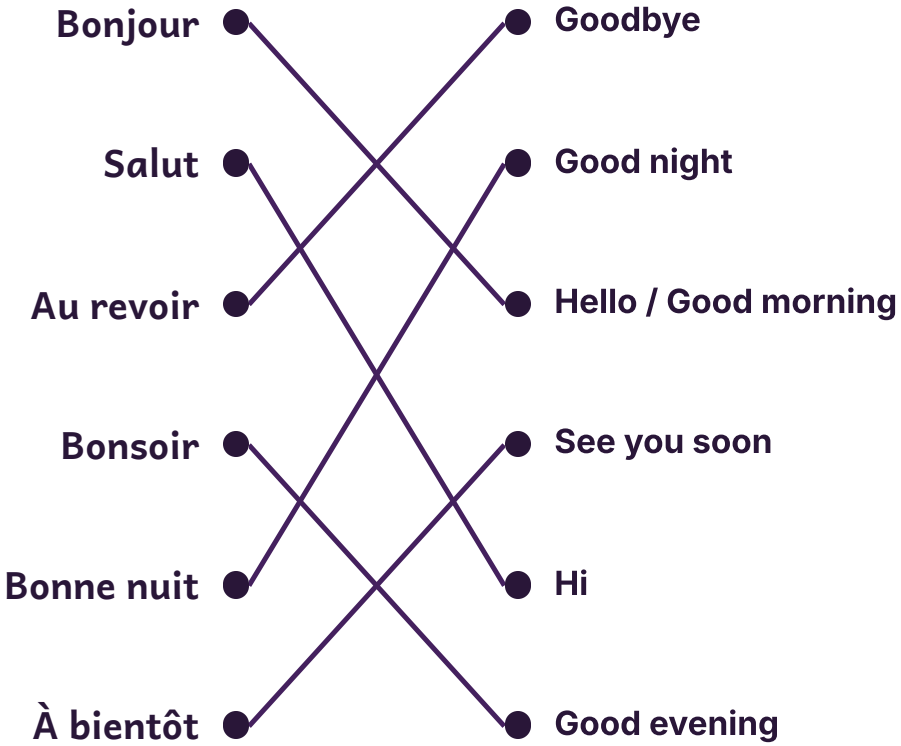
# Answer Key: French Greetings Match

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Say **bonjour** to everyone and **salut** to friends. In France, friends and family often greet each other with **la bise**, a light kiss on each cheek.

**Draw a line from each French greeting to its meaning.**




**Circle what you would say.**

It is 8 in the morning and you meet your teacher. **Bonjour !** Bonne nuit !

You are going to bed. Salut ! **Bonne nuit !**

You leave a friend's house after lunch. **Au revoir !** Bonsoir !


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Answer key · Les salutations · Grades 1–3

# Answer Key: Polite Words in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.




**Merci** = thank you. **De rien** = you're welcome. **Pardon** = sorry, excuse me. **S'il te plaît** = please, to one friend or a child. **S'il vous plaît** = please, to a grown-up or to more than one person.

**Circle the polite words that fit.**

A friend gives you a crayon. You say... **Merci !** Bonne nuit !

Your friend says "Merci !" You answer... Au revoir ! **De rien !**

You bump into someone by accident. You say... **Pardon !** Salut !

You ask your teacher for paper. You end with... s'il te plaît **s'il vous plaît**

You ask a friend to pass the glue. You end with... **s'il te plaît** s'il vous plaît

Someone helps you a lot. You say... De rien ! **Merci beaucoup !**



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Answer key · Les salutations · Grades 2–5

# Answer Key: A Conversation: Tu or Vous?

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Word bank**

Bonjour · appelle · ça va · merci · ans · Au revoir

**Hugo meets Inès at school. Fill in the missing words.**

1. Hugo : Bonjour ! Comment tu t'appelles ?
2. Inès : Je m' appelle Inès. Et toi ?
3. Hugo : Je m'appelle Hugo. Comment ça va ?
4. Inès : Ça va bien, merci ! Tu as quel âge ?
5. Hugo : J'ai neuf ans. Et toi ?
6. Inès : J'ai huit ans. Oh, la cloche ! Au revoir, Hugo !

French has two words for "you". Say **tu** to one friend, a child or someone in your family. Say **vous** to a grown-up you don't know well, like a teacher, and to more than one person.

**Tu or vous? Circle the one you would use.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| your best friend | **tu** | vous |
| the school principal | tu | **vous** |
| your little brother | **tu** | vous |
| two classmates at the same time | tu | **vous** |
| a shopkeeper you don't know | tu | **vous** |


Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Les nombres · Grades K–2

# Answer Key: Count the Animals in French

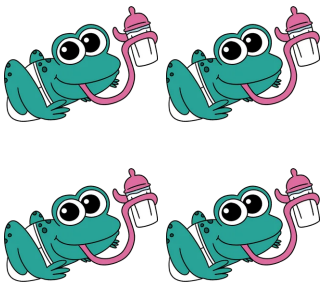
Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



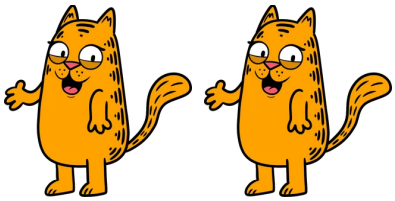
**Word bank**

un · deux · trois · quatre · cinq · six · sept · huit · neuf · dix

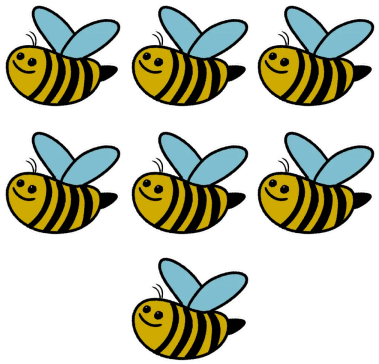
**Count the animals. Write the number in French.**



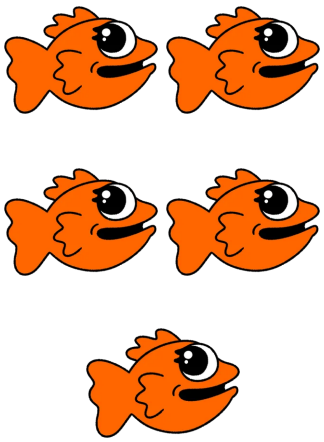
quatre



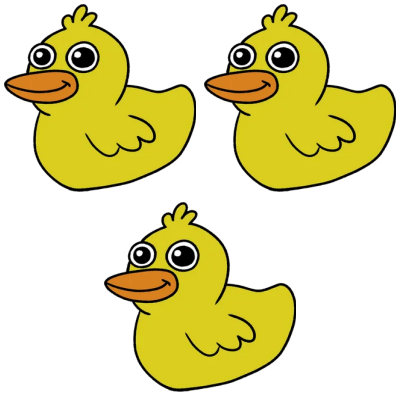
deux



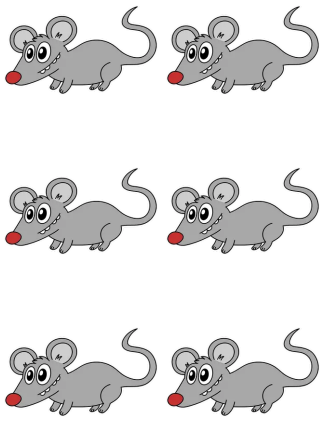
sept



cinq



trois



six



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Answer key · Les nombres · Grades 1–3

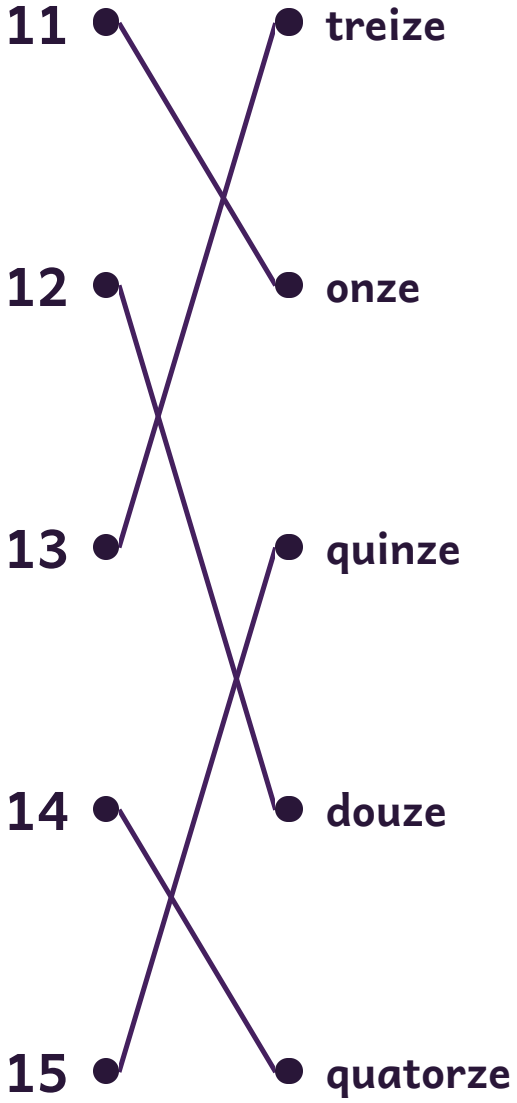
# Answer Key: French Numbers 11 to 20

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.

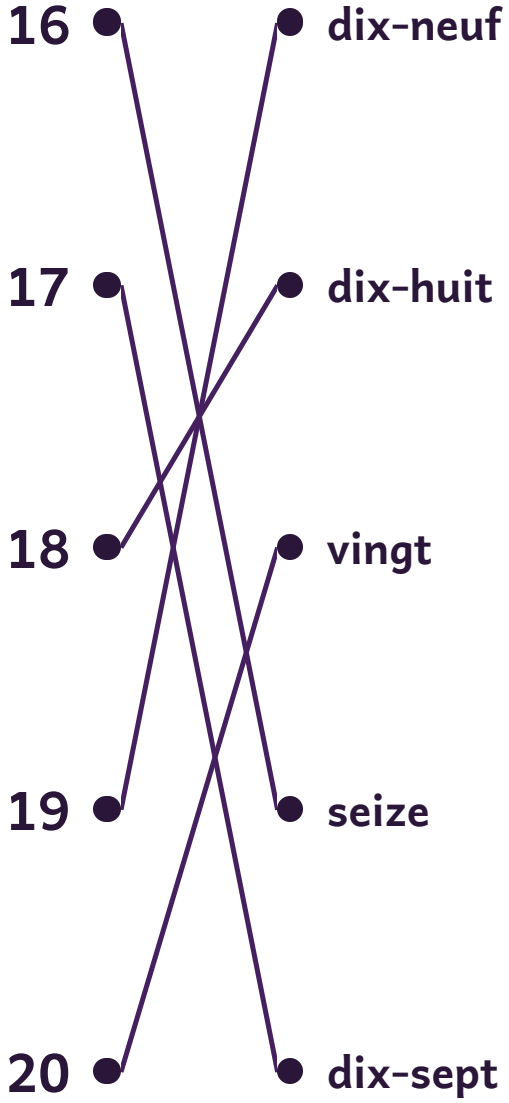


From 17 to 19, French says “ten-seven, ten-eight, ten-nine”: **dix-sept, dix-huit, dix-neuf**. Twenty is **vingt**.

**Draw a line to the French word.**




**Draw a line to the French word.**



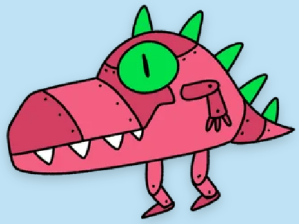



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Answer key · Les nombres · Grades 2–3

# Answer Key: French Number Math

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



In French math, + is **plus**, − is **moins** and = is **égale**. Write each answer as a French word.

**Solve and write the answer in French.**

1. un + un = deux
2. deux + deux = quatre
3. trois + quatre = sept
4. cinq + cinq = dix
5. six + trois = neuf
6. dix + deux = douze
7. huit + sept = quinze
8. dix + dix = vingt
9. neuf − quatre = cinq
10. vingt − un = dix-neuf

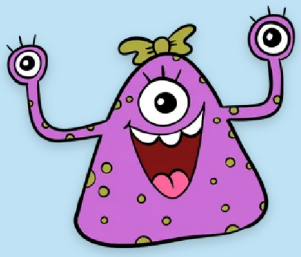


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Answer key · Les nombres · Grades 1–5

# Answer Key: French Numbers Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Find the number words from **deux** (2) to **vingt** (20). Say each one out loud when you find it.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| O | N | E | K | E | D | I | D | A | H | W | I |
| A | E | K | D | H | S | E | P | T | D | M | E |
| F | R | B | D | C | U | Q | U | A | T | R | E |
| N | S | U | A | I | I | I | P | B | S | F | R |
| T | R | O | I | S | I | N | T | T | P | V | N |
| D | I | S | D | I | X | D | Q | T | L | I | L |
| B | E | A | P | X | Y | A | S | I | Y | N | M |
| D | F | P | D | E | U | X | S | C | A | G | G |
| O | O | A | Y | E | R | N | F | E | E | T | N |
| U | F | I | D | S | O | N | Z | E | I | T | E |
| Z | P | S | E | I | S | S | K | E | A | E | U |
| E | A | Y | G | M | O | M | S | R | R | L | F |

- ☐ deux
- ☐ trois
- ☐ quatre
- ☐ cinq
- ☐ six
- ☐ sept
- ☐ huit
- ☐ neuf
- ☐ dix
- ☐ onze
- ☐ douze
- ☐ vingt



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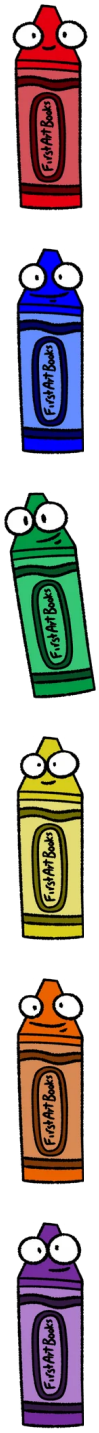
Answer key · Les couleurs et les formes · Grades K–1

# Answer Key: French Color Words Match

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Draw a line from each crayon to its color word.**



jaune

rouge

orange

bleu

violet

vert



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Answer key · Les couleurs et les formes · Grades K–2

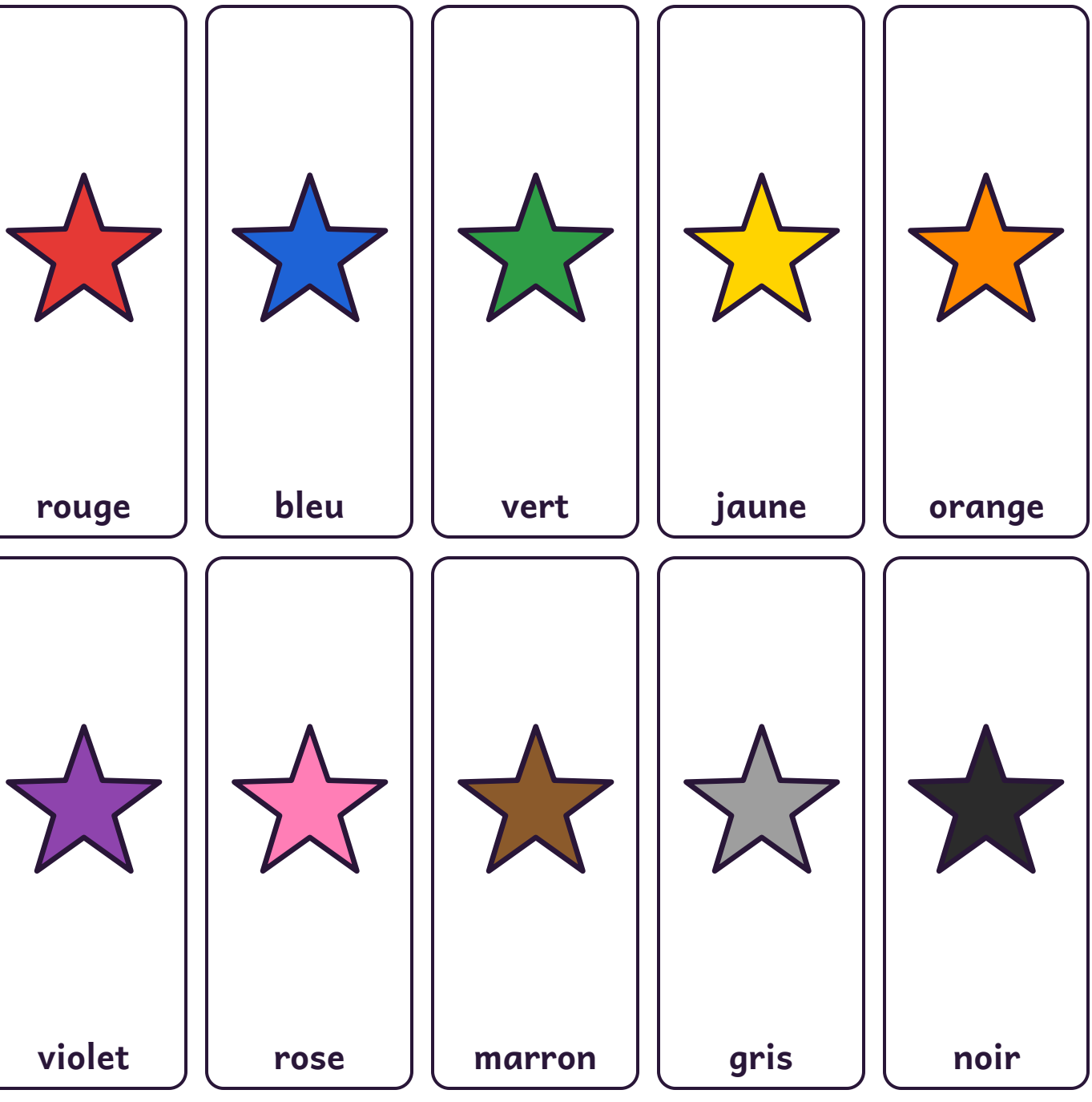
# Answer Key: Read and Color in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.




**Colorie** means “color”. **Rose** is pink, **marron** is brown, **gris** is gray and **noir** is black.

**Read the word. Color the star that color.**






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Answer key · Les couleurs et les formes · Grades 1–2

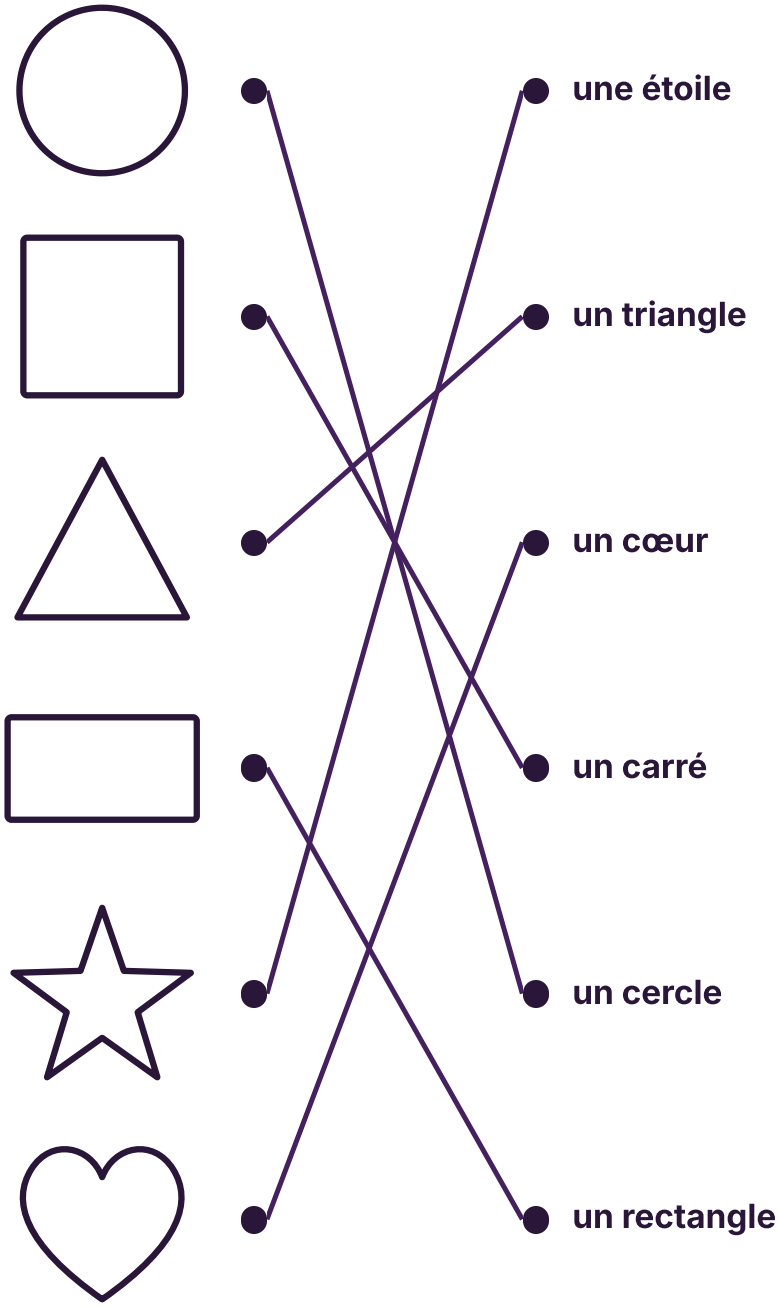
# Answer Key: Shapes in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Shape words are masculine and go with **un**, except **une étoile** (a star), which is feminine.

**Draw a line from each shape to its French name.**



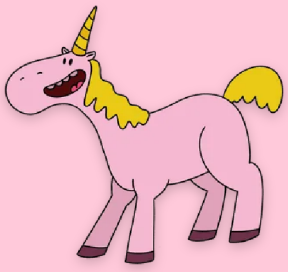



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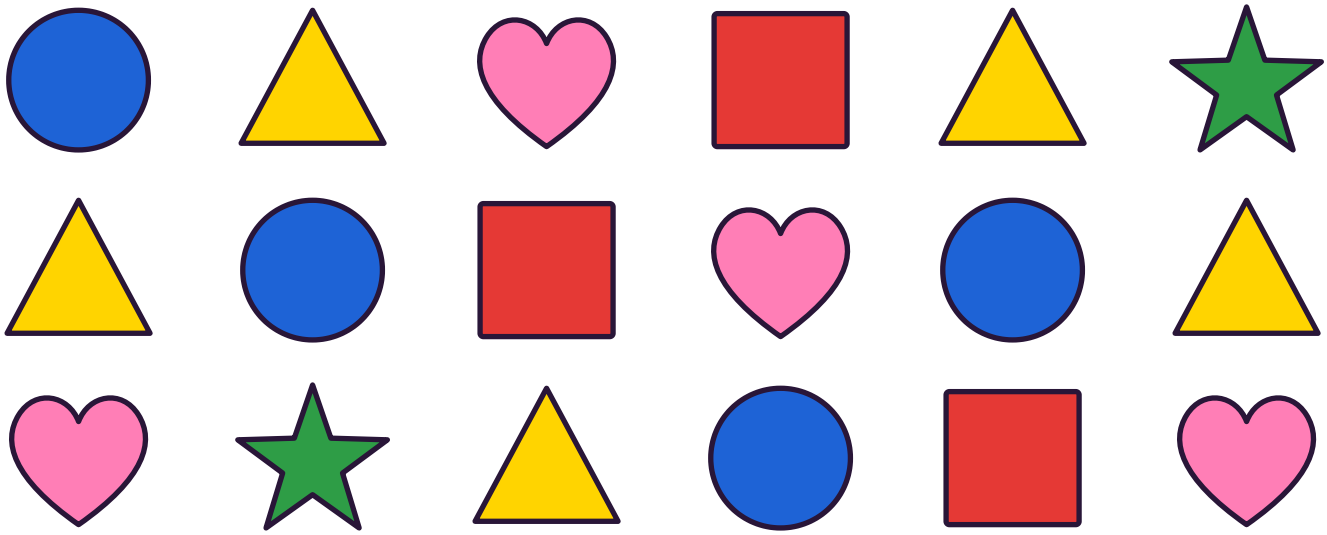
# Answer Key: Color the Shapes by Code

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



## Le code

- Colorie les cercles en bleu.
- Colorie les carrés en rouge.
- Colorie les triangles en jaune.
- Colorie les étoiles en vert.
- Colorie les cœurs en rose.



## Count the shapes. Write the number in French.

1. Il y a **quatre** cercles.
2. Il y a **trois** carrés.
3. Il y a **cinq** triangles.
4. Il y a **deux** étoiles.
5. Il y a **quatre** cœurs.



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Les couleurs et les formes · Grades 1–5

# Answer Key: French Colors Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Find the colors: rouge (red), bleu (blue), vert (green), jaune (yellow), orange, violet (purple), rose (pink), noir (black), blanc (white), gris (gray) and marron (brown).

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| N | T | T | J | A | U | N | E | O | N | Y |
| G | I | I | N | R | R | T | O | A | A | R |
| A | E | O | L | O | O | G | O | T | T | N |
| C | K | H | A | S | R | I | A | M | I | A |
| G | D | Y | A | E | A | D | T | A | C | B |
| T | R | I | B | O | N | C | R | R | S | L |
| T | T | I | N | L | G | D | O | R | R | A |
| K | B | N | S | O | E | L | U | O | S | N |
| T | R | C | R | A | I | U | G | N | D | C |
| C | T | V | E | R | T | R | E | A | D | G |
| E | V | I | O | L | E | T | M | B | N | P |

- ☐ rouge
- ☐ bleu
- ☐ vert
- ☐ jaune
- ☐ orange
- ☐ violet
- ☐ rose
- ☐ noir
- ☐ blanc
- ☐ gris
- ☐ marron

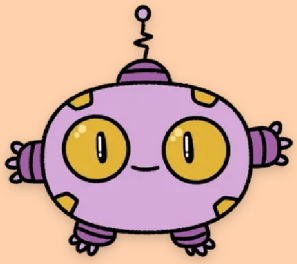


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Answer key · Le calendrier · Grades 1–3

# Answer Key: Days of the Week in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



In France the week starts on **Monday**, and the days of the week start with a small letter: **lundi**, not Lundi.

**Trace each day, then write it on the line.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| lundi<br>**Monday** | mardi<br>**Tuesday** | mercredi<br>**Wednesday** | jeudi<br>**Thursday** |
| vendredi<br>**Friday** | samedi<br>**Saturday** | dimanche<br>**Sunday** | |

**Answer in French.**

Which day comes after mardi?

mercredi

Which day comes before dimanche?

samedi

How do you say “Friday” in French?

vendredi

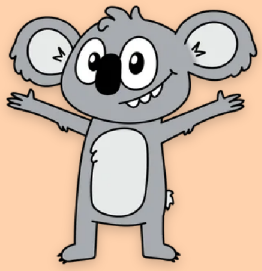


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Answer key · Le calendrier · Grades 1–3

# Answer Key: What Day Comes Next?

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Word bank**

lundi · mardi · mercredi · jeudi · vendredi · samedi · dimanche

**Write the missing day.**

1. lundi, mardi, **mercredi**
2. jeudi, vendredi, **samedi**
3. samedi, dimanche, **lundi**
4. **mardi**, mercredi, jeudi
5. vendredi, **samedi**, dimanche
6. **dimanche**, lundi, mardi
7. mercredi, **jeudi**, vendredi

**Circle the right answer.**

The weekend, le week-end, is... **samedi et dimanche** / lundi et mardi

There are ___ days in a week. cinq / **sept**

The first day of the French week is... dimanche / **lundi**

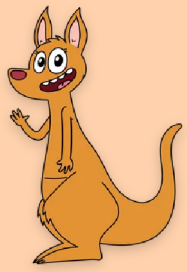


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Answer key · Le calendrier · Grades 2–4

# Answer Key: Months of the Year in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Word bank**

avril · octobre · janvier · juillet · mars · décembre · juin · février · septembre · mai · août · novembre

**Write the French name of each month. Months start with a small letter too.**

1. January janvier
2. February février
3. March mars
4. April avril
5. May mai
6. June juin
7. July juillet
8. August août
9. September septembre
10. October octobre
11. November novembre
12. December décembre



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Answer key · Le calendrier · Grades 1–3

# Answer Key: The Four Seasons in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**le printemps** = spring, **l'été** = summer, **l'automne** = fall, **l'hiver** = winter. Say **au printemps** (in spring), but **en été**, **en automne** and **en hiver**.

**Which season is it? Circle it.**

Il neige. (It is snowing.) — **l'hiver** / l'été

Les fleurs poussent. (The flowers grow.) — l'automne / **le printemps**

Les feuilles tombent. (The leaves fall.) — l'été / **l'automne**

On va à la plage. (We go to the beach.) — **l'été** / l'hiver

**Draw each season.**

le printemps | l'été | l'automne | l'hiver



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Le calendrier · Grades 3–5

# Answer Key: Dates and Birthdays in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Say a date with **le** + number + month: **le 14 juillet**. The first day of a month is **le premier**: **le 1er janvier**. Every other day uses the plain number.

**Word bank**

premier · quatre · quatorze · vingt-cinq · trente et un

**Write each date in French words.**

January 1 (New Year's Day)

le premier janvier

July 4

le quatre juillet

July 14 (Bastille Day, France's national holiday)

le quatorze juillet

October 31 (Halloween)

le trente et un octobre

December 25 (Christmas)

le vingt-cinq décembre

**Mon anniversaire, c'est le** _____

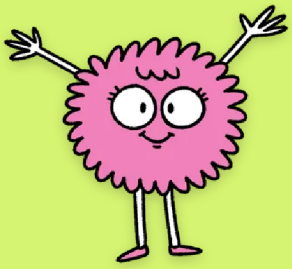


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Answer key · La météo et les vêtements · Grades 1–3

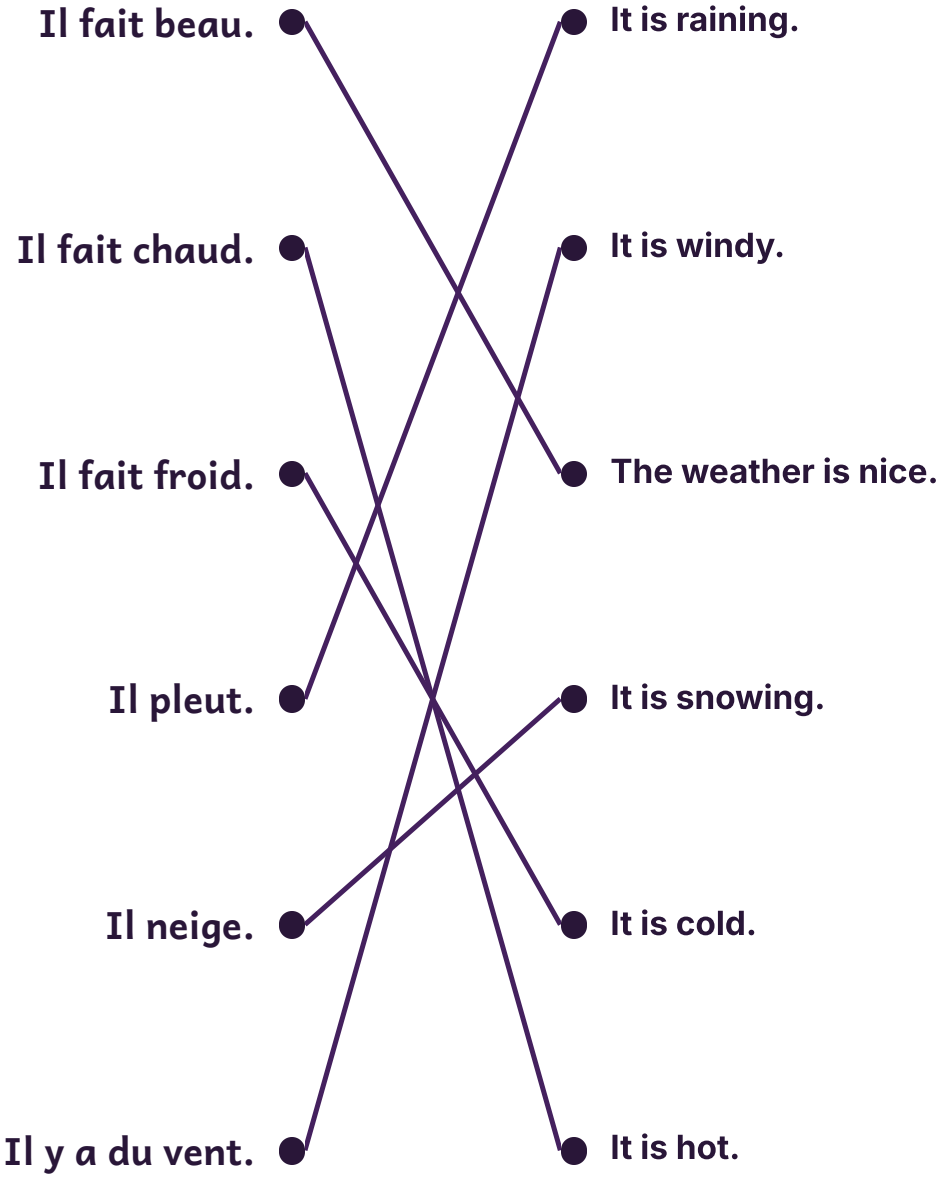
# Answer Key: Weather Words in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Quel temps fait-il ?** means “What is the weather like?”

**Draw a line from each French sentence to its meaning.**






Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La météo et les vêtements · Grades 1–4

# Answer Key: Clothes in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Watch out: shorts are singular in French, **le short**, and a sweater is **le pull**.

**Draw a line to the English word.**

- le chapeau → hat
- le manteau → coat
- l'écharpe → scarf
- les gants → gloves

**Draw a line to the English word.**

- le tee-shirt → T-shirt
- le short → shorts
- le pull → sweater
- les bottes → boots



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La météo et les vêtements · Grades 2–4

# Answer Key: What Should I Wear?

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Je porte** means “I wear” or “I am wearing”.

**Read the weather. Circle what you wear.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Il neige. Je porte… | **un manteau** | un short |
| Il fait chaud. Je porte… | des gants | **un tee-shirt** |
| Il pleut. Je porte… | **des bottes** | des lunettes de soleil |
| Il fait froid. Je porte… | un maillot de bain | **un pull** |
| Il y a du soleil. Je porte… | **des lunettes de soleil** | une écharpe |
| Il fait très froid. Je porte… | un short | **un bonnet** |

**Il fait froid ! Draw yourself dressed for a cold day.**

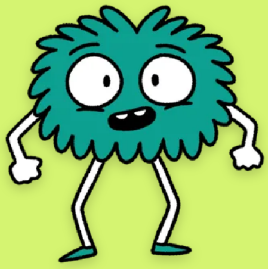


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Answer key · La météo et les vêtements · Grades 2–5

# Answer Key: Weather and Clothes Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Find the words: pluie (rain), neige (snow), soleil (sun), vent (wind), nuage (cloud), chaud (hot), froid (cold), manteau (coat), chapeau (hat), pull (sweater), bottes (boots) and gants (gloves).

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| N | D | P | A | M | F | G | I | I | S | U | T |
| E | S | R | I | A | C | R | S | N | A | B | O |
| I | T | O | A | N | U | H | O | V | E | N | T |
| G | T | M | L | T | M | E | A | I | K | E | M |
| E | F | U | Y | E | C | B | U | P | D | F | E |
| Y | A | N | O | A | I | R | O | N | E | T | L |
| R | P | W | U | U | H | L | W | T | C | A | N |
| U | U | U | H | A | N | T | P | D | T | U | U |
| P | L | U | I | E | G | O | U | H | E | E | C |
| Y | L | S | C | A | E | E | M | B | G | R | S |
| K | G | A | N | T | S | W | Y | W | G | C | I |
| F | D | C | H | A | U | D | W | G | C | R | O |

- ☐ pluie
- ☐ neige
- ☐ soleil
- ☐ vent
- ☐ nuage
- ☐ chaud
- ☐ froid
- ☐ manteau
- ☐ chapeau
- ☐ pull
- ☐ bottes
- ☐ gants



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La famille · Grades 1–3

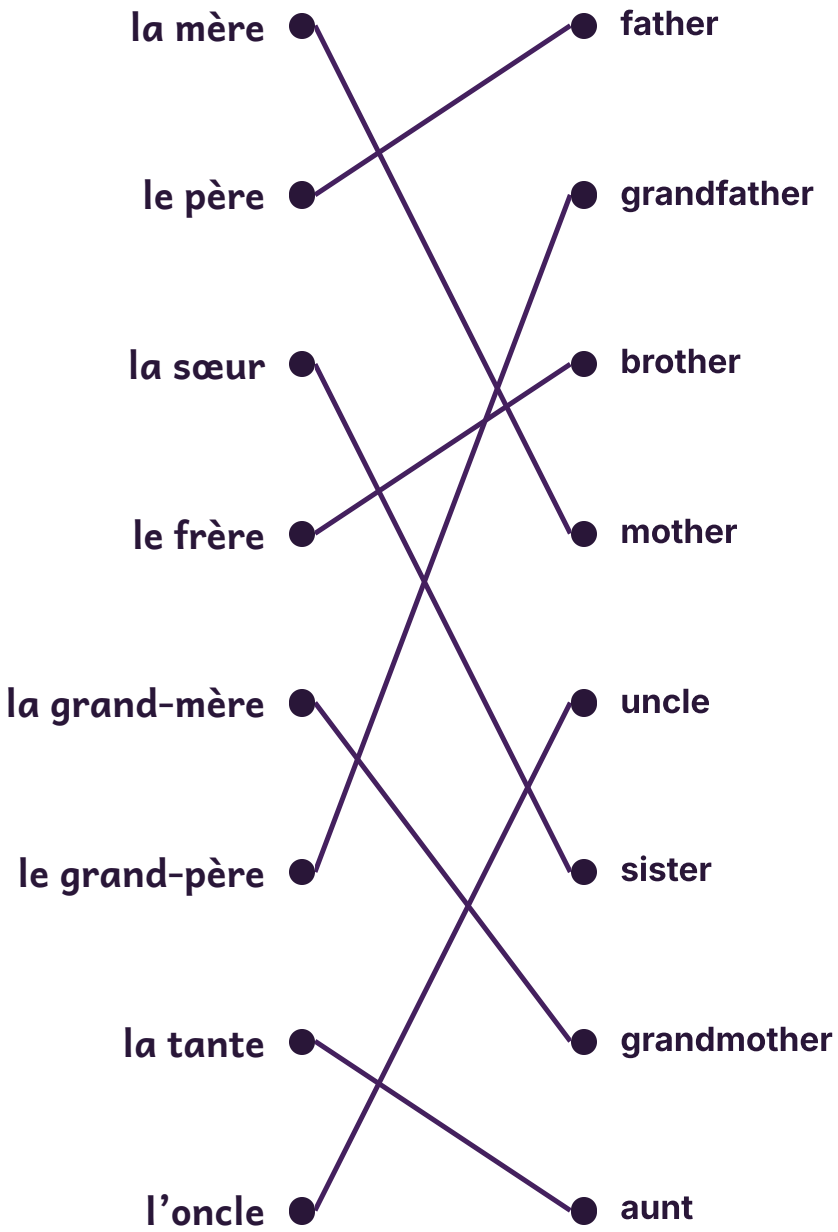
# Answer Key: French Family Words Match

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Kids call their mom **maman** and their dad **papa**. Grandma is **mamie** and grandpa is **papi**.

**Draw a line from each French word to its English meaning.**






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Answer key · La famille · Grades 3–5

# Answer Key: Mon, Ma or Mes?

**Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.**



All three mean “my”. Use **mon** with a masculine word, **ma** with a feminine word and **mes** with more than one. Before a word that starts with a vowel, always use **mon**: **mon amie**.

**Circle mon, ma or mes.**

___ père (father) — **mon** / ma / mes

___ mère (mother) — mon / **ma** / mes

___ frères (brothers) — mon / ma / **mes**

___ sœur (sister) — mon / **ma** / mes

___ grands-parents (grandparents) — mon / ma / **mes**

___ oncle (uncle) — **mon** / ma / mes

___ tante (aunt) — mon / **ma** / mes

___ cousins (cousins) — mon / ma / **mes**

___ amie (friend, a girl) — **mon** / ma / mes



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Answer key · La famille · Grades 3–5

# Answer Key: Read About a French Family

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Read about Chloé's family.**

Bonjour ! Je m'appelle Chloé. J'ai dix ans. Dans ma famille, il y a quatre personnes : mon père, ma mère, mon petit frère et moi. Mon frère s'appelle Lucas. Il a six ans. Nous avons un chien. Il s'appelle Biscuit. Ma grand-mère habite à Paris.

**Word help**

| | |
|---|---|
| **il y a** | there is, there are |
| **petit frère** | little brother |
| **il a six ans** | he is six |
| **nous avons** | we have |
| **habite à** | lives in |

**Answer in English.**

How old is Chloé?

**10 (ten)**

How many people are in her family?

**4 (four)**

What is her brother's name, and how old is he?

**Lucas, 6 (six)**

What pet does the family have? What is its name?

**a dog named Biscuit**

Where does her grandmother live?

**in Paris**



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La famille · Grades 2–5

# Answer Key: French Family Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



In a French word search the letters have no accents: mère is hidden as MERE, and œ as OE.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| A | F | T | M | K | E | N | U | I | W | L | O |
| D | N | A | A | R | G | S | O | E | U | R | O |
| O | E | I | M | N | L | I | R | E | I | R | A |
| T | F | A | A | I | T | R | A | N | P | T | P |
| C | Y | K | N | C | L | E | G | B | E | R | E |
| C | O | U | S | I | N | L | A | R | H | P | R |
| R | N | B | E | B | E | E | E | S | R | A | E |
| S | T | F | A | W | A | U | O | M | U | P | S |
| M | R | R | K | B | W | Y | A | N | H | A | E |
| B | E | E | S | S | W | I | G | E | C | D | H |
| N | Y | R | O | I | E | R | G | I | T | L | L |
| T | S | E | E | A | N | C | P | Y | E | P | E |

- ☐ mère
- ☐ père
- ☐ sœur
- ☐ frère
- ☐ oncle
- ☐ tante
- ☐ cousin
- ☐ bébé
- ☐ famille
- ☐ papa
- ☐ maman

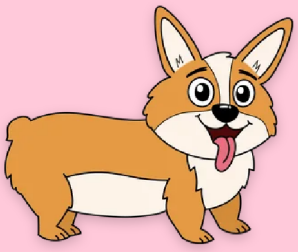


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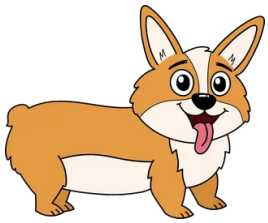
Answer key · Les animaux · Grades K–1

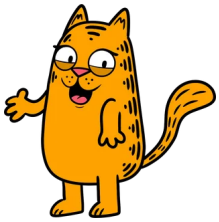
# Answer Key: Pet Animals in French

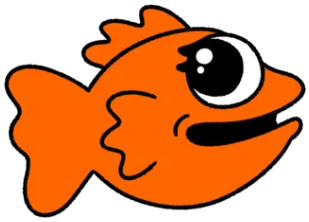
Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



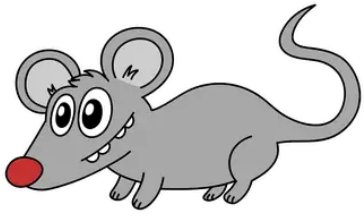
**Draw a line from each pet to its French name.**

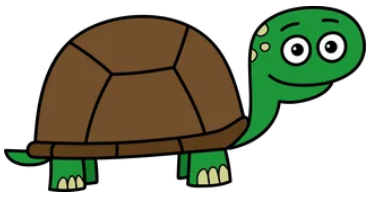












- la souris
- le poisson
- le chien
- la tortue
- le chat
- le lapin



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Les animaux · Grades 1–2

# Answer Key: Name the Animals in French

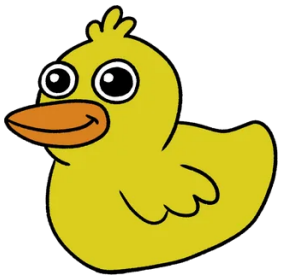
Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



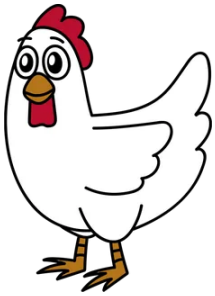
**Word bank**

le canard · la poule · le coq · la grenouille · le lion · le singe · le tigre · l'éléphant

**Write the French name of each animal.**



le canard



la poule



le coq



la grenouille



le lion



le singe



le tigre



l'éléphant

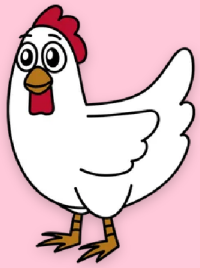


Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Les animaux · Grades 2–4

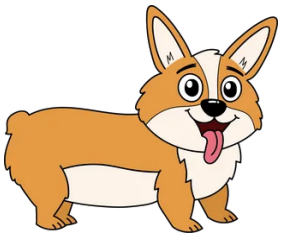
# Answer Key: Le or La? Animal Words

**Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.**



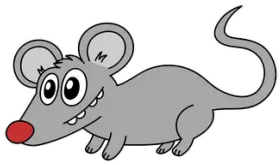
Every French noun is **masculine** or **feminine**. Masculine words take **le** and feminine words take **la**. Learn each new word with its le or la!

**Write le or la in the box.**



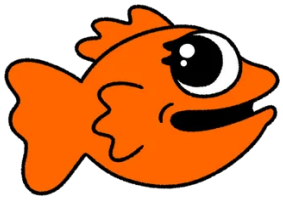
chien

**le**



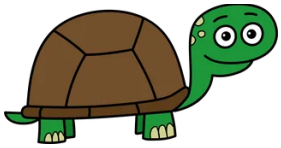
souris

**la**



poisson

**le**



tortue

**la**



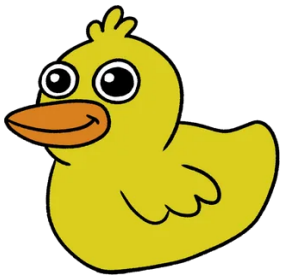
lion

**le**



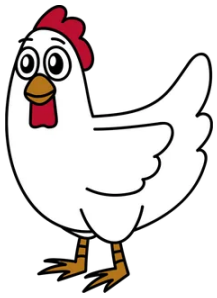
grenouille

**la**



canard

**le**



poule

**la**

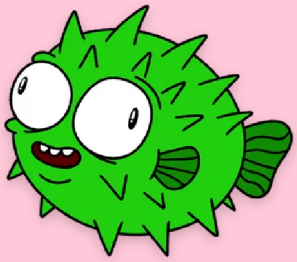


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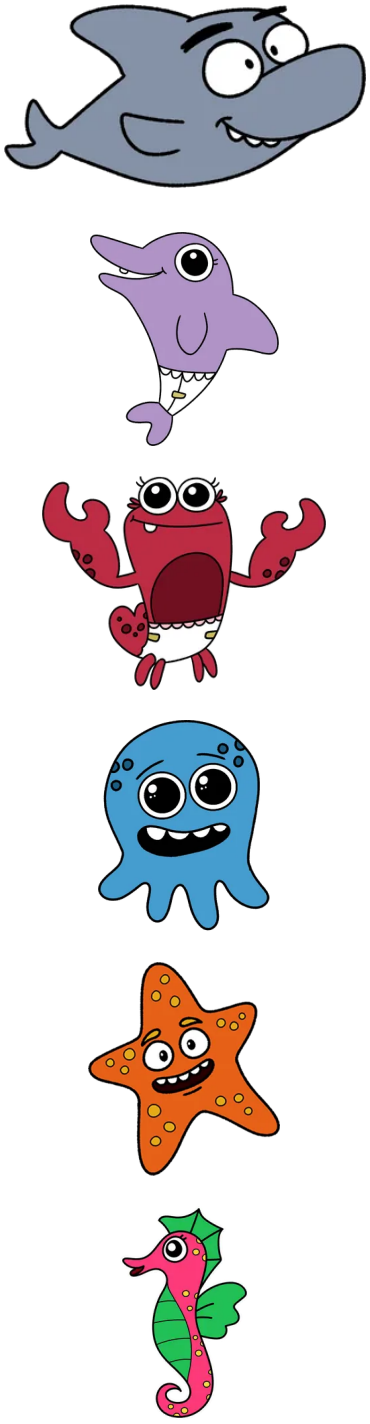
Answer key · Les animaux · Grades 1–3

# Answer Key: Sea Animals in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Draw a line from each sea animal to its French name.**



le crabe

l'hippocampe

le requin

l'étoile de mer

la pieuvre

le dauphin

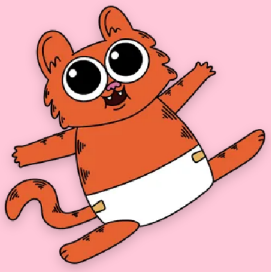


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Answer key · Les animaux · Grades 1–5

# Answer Key: French Animals Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Find the animals: chien (dog), chat (cat), poisson (fish), lapin (rabbit), souris (mouse), tortue (turtle), canard (duck), singe (monkey), tigre (tiger), lion, requin (shark) and abeille (bee).

O E C A N A R D E B E C
S L A R N I D S I T A D
S T A B F S Y R I L M N
L P O P E G O A H N N O
D I W R I I M U K E G E
P F O I T N L I R F O E
O N L N E U E L U I A B
R E Q U I N E O E K S E
N C H I E N T I G R E I
F W O H E T E N E O U O
K B L D E P O I S S O N
T P W O C H A T O E L N

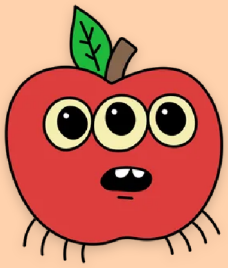
- [ ] chien
- [ ] chat
- [ ] poisson
- [ ] lapin
- [ ] souris
- [ ] tortue
- [ ] canard
- [ ] singe
- [ ] tigre
- [ ] lion
- [ ] requin
- [ ] abeille


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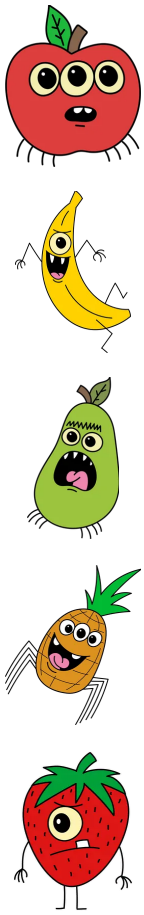
Answer key · La nourriture · Grades 1–2

# Answer Key: Fruit in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Draw a line from each fruit to its French name.**



l'ananas

la pomme

la fraise

la poire

la banane

**Draw your favorite fruit.**

**Write its name in French.**

Mon fruit préféré, c'est...



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La nourriture · Grades 3–5

# Answer Key: At the French Café

**Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.**



France uses **euros** (€). A comma marks the cents: **1,50 €** is one euro and fifty cents.

## Café des Amis

| | |
|---|---|
| un croissant | 1,50 € |
| une baguette | 1 € |
| une crêpe | 4 € |
| un sandwich | 5 € |
| un chocolat chaud | 3 € |
| un jus d'orange | 2,50 € |

**Word help**

| | |
|---|---|
| **un chocolat chaud** | a hot chocolate |
| **un jus d'orange** | an orange juice |
| **Je voudrais…** | I would like… |
| **C'est combien ?** | How much is it? |

**Answer the questions.**

How much is a crêpe?

**4 €**

You buy a croissant and a chocolat chaud. How much do you pay?

**4,50 €**

You buy two baguettes. How much do you pay?

**2 €**

You have 10 €. You buy a sandwich and a jus d'orange. How much is left?

**2,50 €**

**Order in French: Je voudrais** _____



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Answer key · La nourriture · Grades 2–4

# Answer Key: Le, La or Les? Food Words

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Le** goes with a masculine word, **la** with a feminine word and **les** with more than one thing.

**Word bank**

pain (bread) · pomme (apple) · frites (fries) · fromage (cheese) · pizza · fraises (strawberries) · lait (milk) · soupe (soup) · bonbons (candies) · gâteau (cake) · banane (banana) · pâtes (pasta)

**Write each food word under le, la or les.**

| le | la | les |
|---|---|---|
| pain | pomme | frites |
| fromage | pizza | fraises |
| lait | soupe | bonbons |
| gâteau | banane | pâtes |



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La nourriture · Grades 2–5

# Answer Key: French Food Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



In a French word search the letters have no accents: crêpe is hidden as CREPE, and œ as OE.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| R | P | L | A | I | T | N | U | N | H | W | I |
| F | O | R | W | P | E | S | P | O | I | R | E |
| E | M | T | A | I | H | U | C | K | D | F | O |
| F | M | T | C | Z | I | O | R | Y | A | R | A |
| R | E | W | D | Z | E | E | E | B | G | O | L |
| I | P | F | S | A | B | K | P | W | A | M | P |
| T | S | O | U | P | E | C | E | A | T | A | A |
| E | H | N | B | F | R | A | I | S | E | G | I |
| S | R | O | G | A | O | O | I | H | A | E | N |
| N | T | N | S | P | G | N | R | O | U | R | F |
| O | A | D | A | N | G | I | W | H | W | M | E |
| O | T | R | S | S | B | A | N | A | N | E | B |

- ☐ pomme
- ☐ banane
- ☐ poire
- ☐ fraise
- ☐ pain
- ☐ fromage
- ☐ lait
- ☐ pizza
- ☐ gâteau
- ☐ frites
- ☐ soupe
- ☐ crêpe



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Le corps et les émotions · Grades 1–3

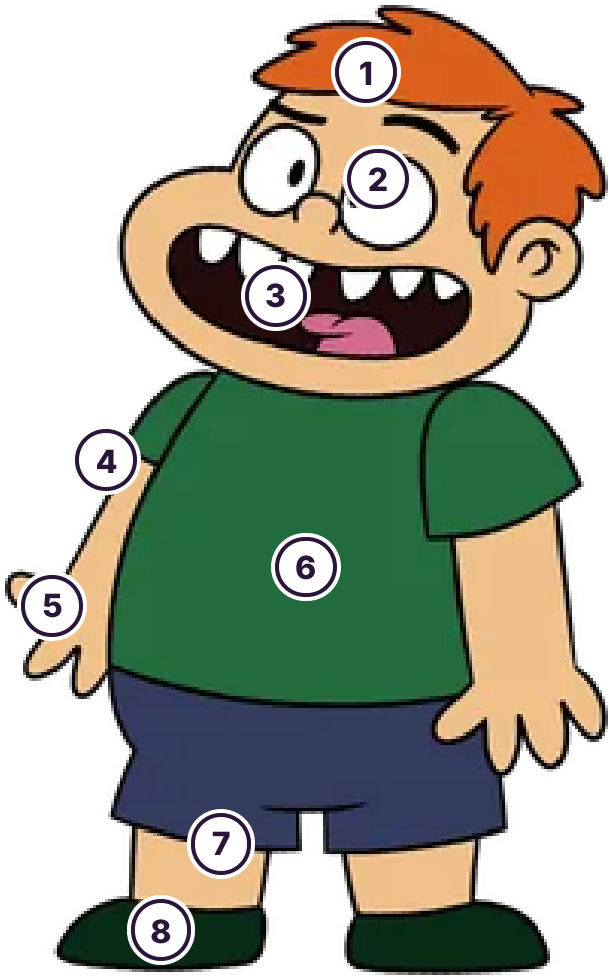
# Answer Key: Label the Body in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Word bank**

la tête · les yeux · la bouche · le bras · la main · le ventre · la jambe · le pied




**Write the French word for each number.**

1. la tête
2. les yeux
3. la bouche
4. le bras
5. la main
6. le ventre
7. la jambe
8. le pied



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Le corps et les émotions · Grades K–2

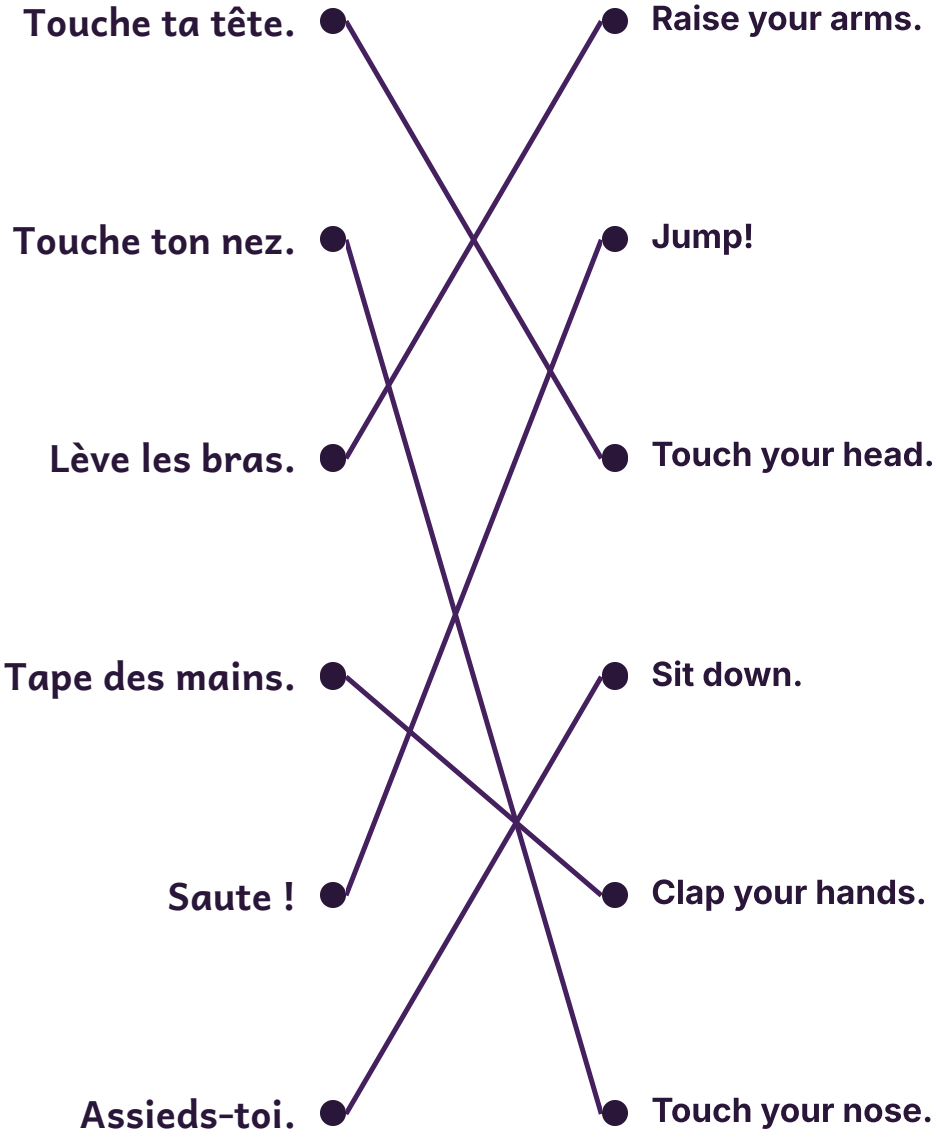
# Answer Key: Jacques a dit (Simon Says)

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**How to play:** do what the leader says only when they start with **"Jacques a dit…"** (Jacques says…). If they don't, stay still!

**Draw a line from each command to its meaning.**



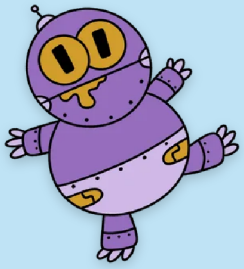



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Le corps et les émotions · Grades 1–3

# Answer Key: Count Your Body in French

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



For one thing, say **un** with a masculine word and **une** with a feminine word: **un nez** (a nose), **une bouche** (a mouth).

**Count. Write the number in French.**

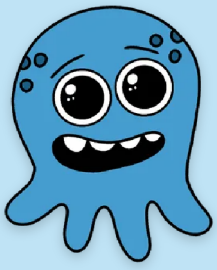
1. J'ai **un** nez. (nose)
2. J'ai **une** bouche. (mouth)
3. J'ai **deux** yeux. (eyes)
4. J'ai **deux** oreilles. (ears)
5. J'ai **deux** mains. (hands)
6. J'ai **dix** doigts. (fingers)
7. J'ai **dix** orteils. (toes)
8. J'ai **une** tête. (head)


Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · Le corps et les émotions · Grades 1–5

# Answer Key: French Body Word Search

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Find the words: tête (head), yeux (eyes), nez (nose), bouche (mouth), oreille (ear), bras (arm), main (hand), jambe (leg), pied (foot), ventre (belly), doigt (finger) and cheveux (hair). No accents in the puzzle: tête is TETE.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| E | I | L | D | B | M | O | M | N | S | O | E |
| B | E | R | K | J | O | A | B | T | E | T | E |
| N | I | Y | V | I | A | U | N | N | E | I | G |
| R | T | E | I | E | T | M | C | N | E | Z | R |
| O | P | U | O | N | N | E | B | H | S | Y | E |
| R | I | X | P | O | A | T | H | E | E | B | N |
| E | O | T | Y | A | R | Y | R | K | P | R | W |
| I | C | H | E | V | E | U | X | E | E | A | A |
| L | B | A | D | O | I | G | T | G | T | S | T |
| L | N | E | R | M | A | I | N | A | Y | T | H |
| E | G | C | F | L | G | P | C | F | W | N | E |
| P | I | E | D | H | W | E | S | M | R | L | T |

- ☐ tête
- ☐ yeux
- ☐ nez
- ☐ bouche
- ☐ oreille
- ☐ bras
- ☐ main
- ☐ jambe
- ☐ pied
- ☐ ventre
- ☐ doigt
- ☐ cheveux



Art © Kevin Coulston

Answer key · La grammaire · Grades 2–4

# Answer Key: Un or Une?

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Un** and **une** both mean “a” or “an”. Use **un** with a masculine word and **une** with a feminine word.

**Circle un or une.**

| | |
|---|---|
| chat (cat) | **un** / une |
| maison (house) | un / **une** |
| livre (book) | **un** / une |
| pomme (apple) | un / **une** |
| crayon (pencil) | **un** / une |
| fleur (flower) | un / **une** |
| ballon (ball) | **un** / une |
| voiture (car) | un / **une** |
| chien (dog) | **un** / une |
| table (table) | un / **une** |

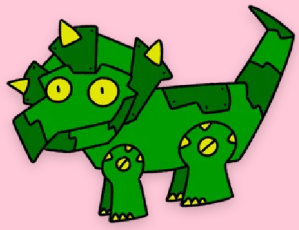


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Answer key · La grammaire · Grades 3–5

# Answer Key: The Verb Être (To Be)

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Être** means “to be”. It is irregular, so learn each form by heart.

**Write the six forms of être. Use the word bank.**

je **suis** nous **sommes**

tu **es** vous **êtes**

il, elle **est** ils, elles **sont**

**Word bank**

sont · suis · êtes · es · sommes · est

**Finish each sentence with the right form of être.**

1. Je **suis** content. (I am happy.)
2. Tu **es** mon ami. (You are my friend.)
3. Elle **est** grande. (She is tall.)
4. Nous **sommes** en classe. (We are in class.)
5. Vous **êtes** gentils. (You are kind.)
6. Ils **sont** fatigués. (They are tired.)


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# Answer Key: The Verb Avoir (To Have)

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



**Avoir** means “to have”. French uses it for your age: **J’ai dix ans** means “I am ten years old” (word for word, “I have ten years”).

**Write the six forms of avoir. Use the word bank.**

j’ ai

nous avons

tu as

vous avez

il, elle a

ils, elles ont

**Word bank**

avez · ai · ont · a · avons · as

**Finish each sentence with the right form of avoir.**

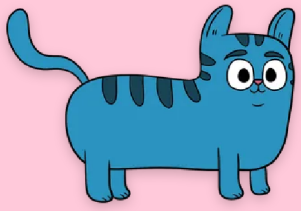
1. J’ ai un chat. (I have a cat.)
2. Tu as un chien. (You have a dog.)
3. Il a huit ans. (He is eight.)
4. Nous avons un ballon. (We have a ball.)
5. Vous avez deux sœurs. (You have two sisters.)
6. Elles ont faim. (They are hungry.)


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# Answer Key: Regular -er Verbs: Parler

Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.



Most French verbs end in **-er**. Take off -er and add the ending: parl**e**, parl**es**, parl**e**, parl**ons**, parl**ez**, parl**ent**. The endings -e, -es and -ent are silent.

**Parler (to speak): write the six forms.**

je parle

nous parlons

tu parles

vous parlez

il, elle parle

ils, elles parlent

**Write the verb with the right ending.**

1. Je danse (danser, to dance)
2. Nous chantons (chanter, to sing)
3. Tu aimes les chats. (aimer, to like)
4. Elles jouent au foot. (jouer, to play)
5. Vous regardez la télé. (regarder, to watch)
6. Il mange une pomme. (manger, to eat)



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# Answer Key: Adjectives That Match

**Answers for grown-ups. Where kids write about themselves, the line is left blank or the key shows one example.**



A French adjective matches its noun. Add **-e** for a feminine word and **-s** for more than one. If it already ends in e (rouge) or s (gris), don't add another. **Petit** and **grand** go before the noun; colors go after it.

**Write the adjective with the right ending.**

1. un ___petit___ chat (petit, small)
2. une ___petite___ maison (petit, small)
3. une ___grande___ girafe (grand, tall)
4. un ballon ___vert___ (vert, green)
5. une pomme ___verte___ (vert, green)
6. une jupe ___bleue___ (bleu, blue)
7. des chats ___noirs___ (noir, black)
8. des fleurs ___jaunes___ (jaune, yellow)
9. une voiture ___rouge___ (rouge, red)
10. des crayons ___gris___ (gris, gray)


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